

Double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings

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Double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings

SKF double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings are designed to locate spindle shafts axially in both directions. These bearings are intended for mounting in combination with cylindrical roller bearings in the NN 30 K or N 10 K series in the same housing bore (→ **fig. 1**). This bearing combination simplifies machining of the housing bore.

Double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings are manufactured with the same nominal bore size and outside diameter as corresponding cylindrical roller bearings. However, the outside diameter tolerance of the housing washers, combined with the housing bore diameter and geometric tolerances recommended for super-precision cylindrical roller bearings under light to normal load and rotating inner ring load (→ *Recommended shaft and housing fits, page 302*) will result in an appropriate radial clearance in the housing bore. This clearance is sufficient to prevent radial loads from acting on the thrust bearing provided that its outer ring is not axially clamped in the housing.

Designs and variants

SKF supplies two designs of double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings:

- the basic design (BTW series, → **fig. 2**) for maximum load carrying capacity and maximum system rigidity for shaft diameters from 35 to 200 mm
- the high-speed design (BTM series, → **fig. 3**) for maximum speed capability for shaft diameters from 60 to 180 mm

Both designs are available either with steel balls or ceramic balls (hybrid bearings).

BTM and BTW series bearings share the same bore and outside diameters. But BTM

Fig. 1

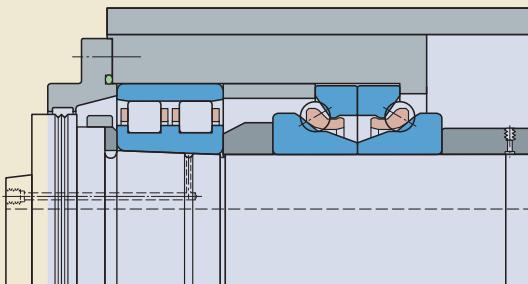
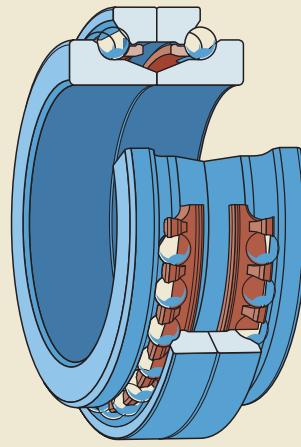


Fig. 2



Designs and variants

series bearings have a 25% lower bearing height (**→ fig. 4**), which makes them particularly suitable for compact arrangements. They do not have the same load carrying capacity and axial stiffness as bearings in the BTW series, but can operate at higher speeds.

Basic design bearings, BTW series

Bearings in the BTW series (**→ fig. 2**) consist of two single row angular contact thrust ball bearings with a 60° contact angle, arranged back-to-back. This configuration, combined with the large number of balls, enables these bearings to accommodate high axial loads in both directions and provides a high degree of system rigidity. Bearings in the BTW series are separable. When the shaft washers are pressed together, preload within a predetermined range will result.

On request, bearings in the BTW series can be provided with an annular groove and three lubrication holes in the housing washer (designation suffix W33, **→ table 1, page 303**). They can also be supplied with a larger bore diameter so that they can be mounted immediately adjacent to the large diameter side of a cylindrical roller bearing with a tapered bore (e.g. BTW 60 CATN9/SP).

High-speed design bearings, BTM series

Bearings in the BTM series (**→ fig. 3**) consist of two non-separable single row angular contact ball bearings arranged back-to-back. They are designed to accommodate axial loads in both directions. When the inner rings are pressed together, preload within a predetermined range will result.

These high-speed design bearings are available with two different contact angles:

- a 30° contact angle, designation suffix A
- a 40° contact angle, designation suffix B

Bearings with a 30° contact angle can accommodate higher speeds while bearings with a 40° contact angle are more suitable for applications that require a higher degree of axial rigidity.

According to the ISO definition, BTM series bearings are radial bearings because they have a 30° or 40° contact angle. However, since these bearings are only intended to accommodate axial loads, only their basic load rating in the axial direction is listed in the product tables (**→ page 303**).

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Fig. 3

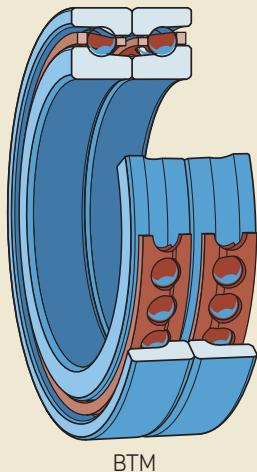
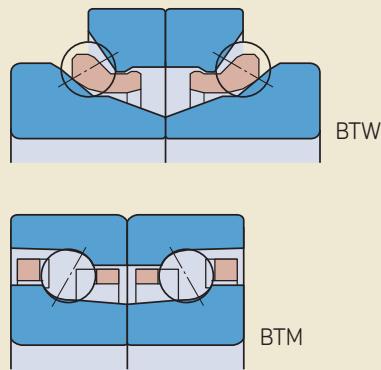


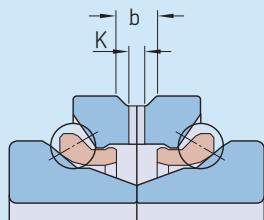
Fig. 4



Double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings

Table 1

Annular groove and lubrication hole dimensions for BTW .. W33 series bearings



Bore diameter d mm	Dimensions b mm	K
35	5,5	3
40	5,5	3
45	5,5	3
50	5,5	3
55	5,5	3
60	5,5	3
65	5,5	3
70	5,5	3
75	5,5	3
80	8,4	4,5
85	8,4	4,5
90	8,4	4,5
95	8,4	4,5
100	8,4	4,5
110	8,4	4,5
120	8,4	4,5
130	11,2	6
140	11,2	6
150	14	7,5
160	14	7,5
170	14	7,5
180	16,8	9
190	16,8	9
200	16,8	9

Hybrid bearings

Hybrid angular contact thrust ball bearings (designation suffix HC) have rings made of bearing steel and rolling elements made of bearing grade silicon nitride (ceramic). As ceramic balls are lighter and have a higher modulus of elasticity and lower coefficient of thermal expansion than steel balls, hybrid bearings can provide the following advantages:

- higher degree of rigidity
- higher speed capability
- reduced centrifugal and inertial forces within the bearing
- minimized stress at the outer ring rolling contacts at high speeds
- reduced frictional heat
- less energy consumption
- extended bearing and grease service life
- less prone to skid smearing damage and cage damage when subjected to frequent rapid starts and stops
- less sensitive to temperature differences within the bearing
- more accurate preload control

For additional information about silicon nitride, refer to *Materials for bearing rings and rolling elements* (→ page 304).

Cages

Bearings in the BTW series are fitted as standard with the following cages:

- $d \leq 130$ mm
two glass fibre reinforced PA66 cages, snap-type, ball centred, designation suffix TN9
- $d \geq 140$ mm
two machined brass cages, snap-type, ball centred, designation suffix M

Markings on bearings

Bearings in the BTM series are fitted as standard with the following cages:

- $d \leq 130$ mm
two glass fibre reinforced PA66 cages, window-type, ball centred, designation suffix TN9
- $d \geq 140$ mm
two machined brass cages, window-type, ball centred, designation suffix M

The cages enable the preloaded bearings to run reliably at high speeds and to withstand rapid starts and stops as well as alternating loads. They also provide good grease retention.

For information about the suitability of cages, refer to *Cage materials* (→ page 305).

Markings on bearings

Each super-precision double direction angular contact thrust ball bearing has various markings on the side faces of the washers/rings (→ fig. 5):

- 1** SKF trademark
- 2** Complete designation of the bearing
- 3** Country of manufacture
- 4** Date of manufacture, coded
- 5** Identification/serial number of the shaft washer / inner ring
- 6** Identification number on the housing washer (for BTW series only)

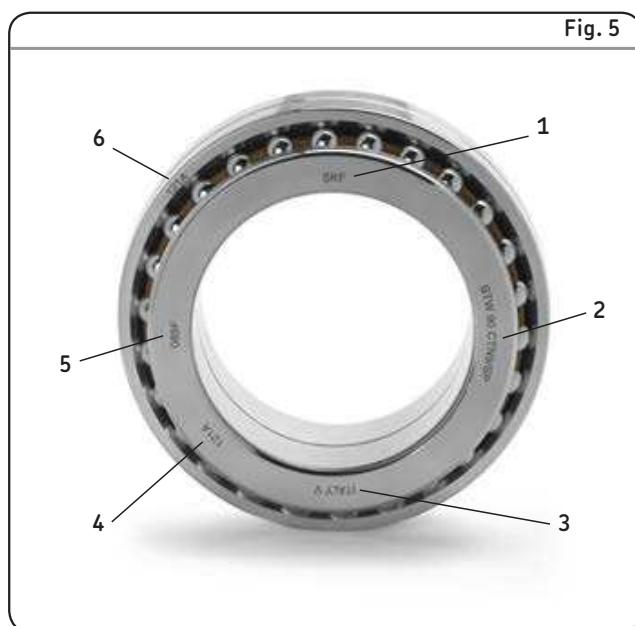


Fig. 5

Identification numbers on BTW series bearings

Identification numbers on the washers indicate bearing components that must be kept together as supplied. To distinguish the two halves of BTW series bearing washers, the identification numbers are followed by the letters "A" or "B" (e.g. 121A in fig. 5).

Additional markings on BTM series bearings

A "V-shaped" marking on the outside surface of the outer rings indicates how the bearings should be mounted to obtain the proper preload in the set (→ fig. 6).

The deviation of the mean bore diameter from nominal in microns is marked on the inner ring side face.

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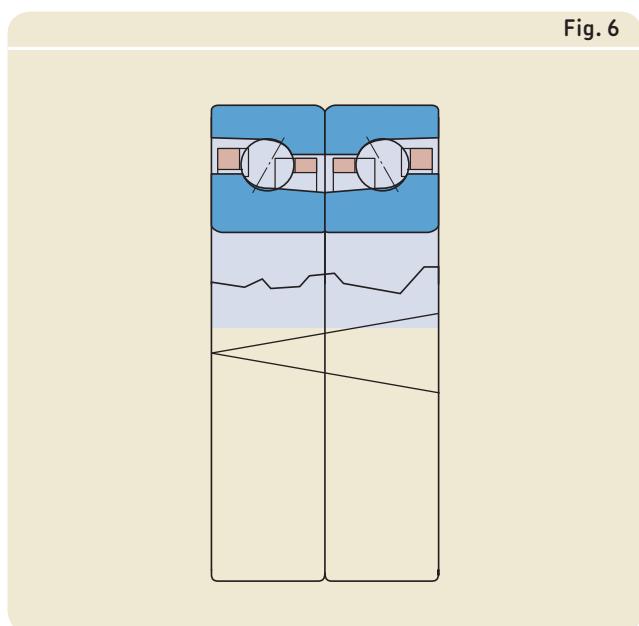


Fig. 6

Double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings

Bearing data

Boundary dimensions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Bore and outside diameters in accordance with ISO 15, diameter series 0 for radial bearings Remaining boundary dimensions not standardized, but common in the marketplace
Tolerances For additional information (→ page 306)	<p>BTW series bearings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> SP tolerance class (→ table 2) as standard higher precision UP tolerance class (→ table 3) on request <p>BTM series bearings</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> P4C tolerance class (→ table 4)

Table 2

SP class tolerances

Shaft washer and bearing height

d over	incl.	$\Delta_{D_{mp}}$ high	low	Δ_{B1s} high	low	Δ_{T2s} high	low	$S_i^{(1)}$ max.
mm		μm		μm		μm		μm
30	50	1	-11	0	-100	0	-200	3
50	80	2	-14	0	-100	0	-200	4
80	120	3	-18	0	-200	0	-400	4
120	180	3	-21	0	-250	0	-500	5
180	250	4	-26	0	-250	0	-500	5

Housing washer

D over	incl.	$\Delta_{D_{mp}}$ high	low	Δ_{C1s} high	low	S_e max.
mm		μm		μm		
50	80	-24	-33	0	-50	Values are identical to those for shaft washer of the same bearing.
80	120	-28	-38	0	-50	
120	150	-33	-44	0	-100	
150	180	-33	-46	0	-100	
180	250	-37	-52	0	-125	
250	315	-41	-59	0	-125	

Tolerance symbols and definitions → table 4, page 306

1) The quoted tolerances are approximate, as raceway run-out is measured in the direction of the ball load. When the bearing has been mounted, axial run-out is generally smaller than what is quoted in the table.

Table 3

UP class tolerances**Shaft washer and bearing height**

d over	incl.	Δ_{dmp} high	low	Δ_{B1s} high	low	Δ_{T2s} high	low	$S_i^{(1)}$ max.
mm		μm		μm		μm		μm
30	50	0	-8	0	-100	0	-200	1,5
50	80	0	-9	0	-100	0	-200	2
80	120	0	-10	0	-200	0	-400	2
120	180	0	-13	0	-250	0	-500	3
180	250	0	-15	0	-250	0	-500	3

D over	incl.	Δ_{Dmp} high	low	Δ_{C1s} high	low	S_e max.
mm		μm		μm		
50	80	-24	-33	0	-50	
80	120	-28	-38	0	-50	
120	150	-33	-44	0	-100	
150	180	-33	-46	0	-100	
180	250	-37	-52	0	-125	
250	315	-41	-59	0	-125	Values are identical to those for shaft washer of the same bearing.

Tolerance symbols and definitions → table 4, page 307

1) The quoted tolerances are approximate, as raceway run-out is measured in the direction of the ball load. When the bearing has been mounted, axial run-out is generally smaller than what is quoted in the table.

4

Table 4

P4C class tolerances**Inner ring**

d over	incl.	Δ_{ds} high	low	Δ_{B1s} high	low	Δ_{T2s} high	low	$S_i^{(1)}$ max.
mm		μm		μm		μm		μm
50	80	0	-7	0	-100	0	-200	3
80	120	0	-8	0	-200	0	-400	4
120	180	0	-10	0	-250	0	-500	4

Outer ring

D over	incl.	Δ_{Ds} high	low	Δ_{C1s} high	low	S_e max.
mm		μm		μm		
80	120	-28	-38	0	-100	
120	150	-33	-44	0	-200	
150	180	-33	-46	0	-250	
180	250	-37	-52	0	-250	Values are identical to those for inner ring of the same bearing.

Tolerance symbols and definitions → table 4, page 307

1) The quoted tolerances are approximate, as raceway run-out is measured in the direction of the ball load. When the bearing has been mounted, axial run-out is generally smaller than what is quoted in the table.

Double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings

Preload

Double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings are manufactured so that they have a suitable operating preload when mounted.

Bearings in the BTM series are available with different preloads:

- light preload, designation suffix DBA
- heavy preload, designation suffix DBB

The preload is obtained during manufacturing by precisely adjusting the standout of the shaft washers / inner rings relative to their housing washers / outer rings. The preload values are listed in **table 5** and apply to new bearings prior to mounting. Bearing components and bearing sets must be kept together as supplied and mounted in the indicated order. For additional information, refer to *Markings on bearings* (→ page 308).

Effect of interference on preload

When double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings are mounted onto a shaft seat machined to the recommended h4(Ε) diameter tolerance, a transition fit, which can be either a loose or an interference fit, will result. A loose fit will not affect preload. An interference fit increases preload. For additional information, contact the SKF application engineering service.

Table 5

Axial preload for unmouted bearings

Bore diameter d mm	Axial preload BTW N	Axial preload BTM .. A DBA N	Axial preload BTM .. B DBB N
35	340	—	—
40	360	—	—
45	390	—	—
50	415	—	—
55	440	—	—
60	470	200	600
65	490	200	600
70	515	250	750
75	545	250	750
80	575	300	900
85	600	300	900
90	625	400	1 200
95	655	400	1 200
100	690	400	1 200
110	735	600	1 800
120	800	600	1 800
130	870	800	2 400
140	940	800	2 400
150	1 015	1 000	3 000
160	1 100	1 100	3 300
170	1 185	1 350	4 050
180	1 290	1 600	4 800
190	1 385	—	—
200	1 525	—	—

Axial stiffness

Axial stiffness

Axial stiffness depends on the elastic deformation (deflection) of the bearing under load and can be expressed as a ratio of load to deflection. However, since the relationship between deflection and load is not linear, only guideline values can be provided (→ **table 6**). These values apply to mounted bearings under static conditions and subjected to moderate loads. More accurate values for axial stiffness can be calculated using advanced computer methods. For additional information, contact the SKF application engineering service and refer to *Bearing stiffness* (→ **page 309**).

Table 6

4

Static axial stiffness										
Bore diameter d	Static axial stiffness BTW		BTM .. A/DBA		BTM .. A/DBB		BTM .. B/DBA		BTM .. B/DBB	
mm	N/µm	N/µm	N/µm	N/µm	N/µm	N/µm	N/µm	N/µm	N/µm	
35	455	500	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
40	481	529	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
45	513	564	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
50	559	614	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
55	580	639	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
60	618	680	196	218	296	328	321	356	484	537
65	653	719	206	229	313	347	342	380	510	566
70	673	741	227	252	342	380	389	432	587	651
75	714	786	234	259	354	393	402	447	603	670
80	735	809	252	280	380	422	426	472	635	705
85	763	840	259	287	390	432	435	483	656	728
90	792	871	292	324	441	490	495	550	747	829
95	822	904	299	331	453	503	509	565	767	852
100	880	968	315	350	476	529	534	593	809	898
110	893	982	357	396	541	600	591	656	886	983
120	979	1 077	377	419	571	634	649	720	985	1 093
130	1 032	1 135	428	475	649	720	719	798	1 082	1 202
140	1 089	1 198	440	488	667	740	739	821	1 113	1 236
150	1 125	1 238	483	536	733	814	807	896	1 219	1 353
160	1 220	1 341	516	573	784	870	882	979	1 331	1 478
170	1 225	1 348	551	612	833	925	928	1 030	1 399	1 553
180	1 314	1 445	597	663	902	1 002	1 000	1 110	1 504	1 669
190	1 361	1 497	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
200	1 395	1 535	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—

Double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings

Equivalent bearing loads

Equivalent dynamic bearing load

For bearings that accommodate axial loads only:

$$P = F_a$$

Equivalent static bearing load

For bearings that accommodate axial loads only:

$$P_0 = F_a$$

Attainable speeds

The attainable speeds listed in the product tables (**→ page 310**) are guideline values and are valid under certain conditions. For additional information, refer to *Attainable speeds on page 310*.

For bearings in the BTM series with a heavy preload (designation suffix DBB), the attainable speeds are 75% of the values for the same bearing with a light preload (designation suffix DBA).

Mounting

Bearing components and bearing sets must be kept together as supplied and mounted in the indicated order. For additional information, refer to *Markings on bearings (→ page 310)*.

Designation system

Examples: BTW 70 CTN9/SPW33

BTM 150 AM/HCP4CDBA

BTW	70	C	TN9	/		SP	W33		
BTM	150	A	M	/	HC	P4C		DB	A

Bearing series

BTW Basic design double direction angular contact thrust ball bearing

BTM High-speed design double direction angular contact thrust ball bearing

Bearing size

35 Bore diameter [mm]
to
200

Internal design

A 30° contact angle
B 40° contact angle
C 60° contact angle
A As a second letter after the contact angle information (for BTW series only): Bearing with a larger bore to be mounted on the large diameter side of a cylindrical roller bearing with a tapered bore.

Cage

M Two machined brass cages, snap-type (for BTW series), window-type (for BTM series), ball centred
TN9 Two glass fibre reinforced PA66 cages, snap-type (for BTW series), window-type (for BTM series), ball centred

Ball material

- Carbon chromium steel (no designation suffix)
HC Balls made of bearing grade silicon nitride Si_3N_4 (hybrid bearing)

Accuracy

P4C Dimensional accuracy approximately to ISO tolerance class 4 and running accuracy better than ISO tolerance class 4 for radial bearings (for BTM series bearings only).
SP Dimensional accuracy approximately to ISO tolerance class 5 and running accuracy better than ISO tolerance class 4 for thrust bearings (for BTW series bearings only).
UP Dimensional accuracy approximately to ISO tolerance class 4 and running accuracy better than ISO tolerance class 4 for thrust bearings (for BTW series bearings only).

Lubrication feature (for BTW series bearings only)

W33 Annular groove and three lubrication holes in the housing washer

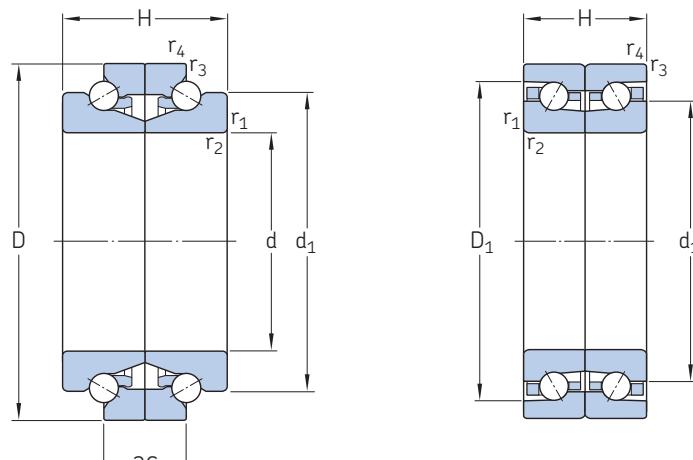
Arrangement (for BTM series bearings only)

DB Two bearings arranged back-to-back

Preload (for BTM series bearings only)

A Light preload
B Heavy preload
G... Special preload, expressed in daN e.g. G240

4.1 Double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings d 35 – 80 mm

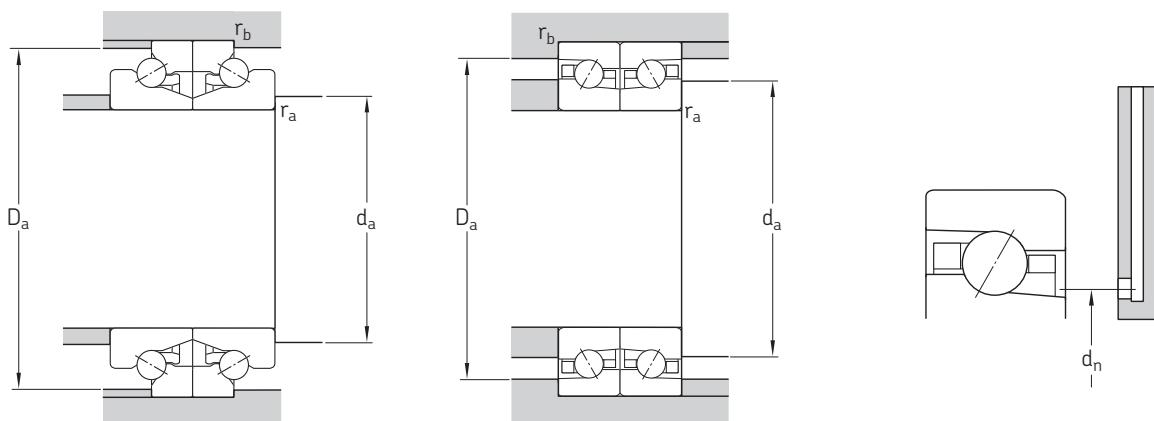


BTW

BTM

Principal dimensions			Basic load ratings		Fatigue load limit	Attainable speeds ¹⁾		Mass	Designation
d	D	H	dynamic C	static C ₀	P _u	Grease lubrication	Oil-air lubrication	kg	-
35	62	34	16,8	39	1,83	11 000	14 000	0,35	BTW 35 CTN9/SP
40	68	36	19,5	46,5	2,24	10 000	13 000	0,42	BTW 40 CTN9/SP
45	75	38	22,1	54	2,6	9 500	12 000	0,53	BTW 45 CTN9/SP
50	80	38	22,5	60	2,85	9 000	11 000	0,58	BTW 50 CTN9/SP
55	90	44	30,2	80	3,8	7 500	9 000	0,87	BTW 55 CTN9/SP
60	95	33	21,6	43	1,86	10 100	12 900	0,85	BTM 60 ATN9/P4CDB
	95	33	21,6	43	1,86	12 700	15 200	0,8	BTM 60 ATN9/HCP4CDB
	95	33	25	50	2,12	9 000	11 500	0,85	BTM 60 BTN9/P4CDB
	95	33	25	50	2,12	11 100	13 300	0,8	BTM 60 BTN9/HCP4CDB
	95	44	30,7	83	4	7 500	9 000	0,93	BTW 60 CTN9/SP
65	100	33	22	47,5	2	9 500	12 100	0,9	BTM 65 ATN9/P4CDB
	100	33	22	47,5	2	11 900	14 200	0,85	BTM 65 ATN9/HCP4CDB
	100	33	26	54	2,32	8 400	10 900	0,9	BTM 65 BTN9/P4CDB
	100	33	26	54	2,32	10 400	12 400	0,85	BTM 65 BTN9/HCP4CDB
	100	44	31,9	90	4,3	7 000	8 500	1	BTW 65 CTN9/SP
70	110	36	27,5	58,5	2,45	8 700	11 100	1,2	BTM 70 ATN9/P4CDB
	110	36	27,5	58,5	2,45	10 900	13 000	1,15	BTM 70 ATN9/HCP4CDB
	110	36	32	67	2,85	7 700	9 900	1,2	BTM 70 BTN9/P4CDB
	110	36	32	67	2,85	9 500	11 300	1,15	BTM 70 BTN9/HCP4CDB
	110	48	39	112	5,3	6 700	8 000	1,35	BTW 70 CTN9/SP
75	115	36	27,5	61	2,6	8 200	10 400	1,3	BTM 75 ATN9/P4CDB
	115	36	27,5	61	2,6	10 300	12 300	1,2	BTM 75 ATN9/HCP4CDB
	115	36	32,5	69,5	2,9	7 300	9 400	1,3	BTM 75 BTN9/P4CDB
	115	36	32,5	69,5	2,9	9 000	10 700	1,2	BTM 75 BTN9/HCP4CDB
	115	48	39,7	116	5,6	6 300	7 500	1,45	BTW 75 CTN9/SP
80	125	40,5	33,5	73,5	3,1	7 600	9 700	1,75	BTM 80 ATN9/P4CDB
	125	40,5	33,5	73,5	3,1	9 600	11 500	1,65	BTM 80 ATN9/HCP4CDB
	125	40,5	39	85	3,55	6 800	8 700	1,75	BTM 80 BTN9/P4CDB
	125	40,5	39	85	3,55	8 400	10 000	1,65	BTM 80 BTN9/HCP4CDB
	125	54	47,5	140	6,55	5 600	6 700	1,95	BTW 80 CTN9/SP

¹⁾ Speed values for BTM series bearings are applicable to those with a light preload (suffix DBA). For bearings with a heavy preload (suffix DBB), attainable speeds are about 75% of the quoted values.

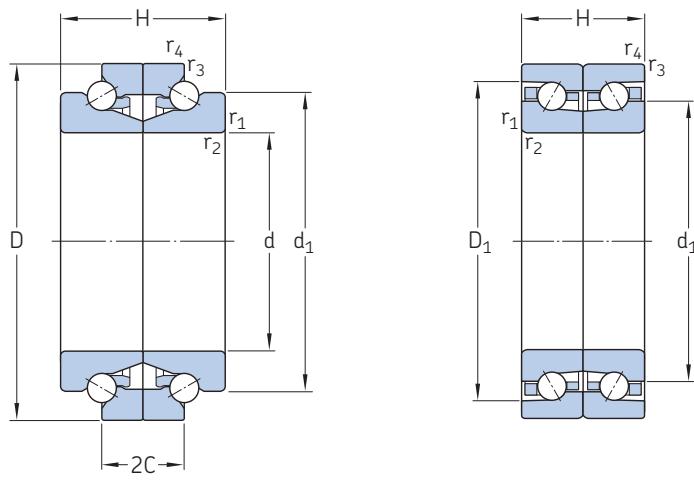


Dimensions		Abutment and fillet dimensions										Reference grease quantity ¹⁾
d	d ₁	2C	D ₁	r _{1,2} min.	r _{3,4} min.	d _a min.	D _a min.	D _a max.	r _a max.	r _b max.	d _n	G _{ref}
mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	cm ³
35	50,8	17	50,2	1	0,3	45	57,3	58	1	0,3	–	1,9
40	56,4	18	55,9	1	0,3	50	63,4	64	1	0,3	–	2,5
45	62,5	19	61,9	1	0,3	56	69,9	71	1	0,3	–	3,1
50	67,5	19	66,9	1	0,3	61	74,9	76	1	0,3	–	3,3
55	75,2	22	74,4	1,1	0,6	68	84	85	1	0,6	–	4,8
60	75,9	–	81,5	1,1	0,6	66	–	91,8	1	0,6	74	7,8
	75,9	–	81,5	1,1	0,6	66	–	91,8	1	0,6	74	7,8
	75,9	–	81,5	1,1	0,6	66	–	91,8	1	0,6	74	7,8
	75,9	–	81,5	1,1	0,6	66	–	91,8	1	0,6	74	7,8
	80,2	22	79,4	1,1	0,6	73	89	90	1	0,6	–	5,2
65	80,9	–	86,5	1,1	0,6	71	–	96,8	1	0,6	79	8,4
	80,9	–	86,5	1,1	0,6	71	–	96,8	1	0,6	79	8,4
	80,9	–	86,5	1,1	0,6	71	–	96,8	1	0,6	79	8,4
	80,9	–	86,5	1,1	0,6	71	–	96,8	1	0,6	79	8,4
	85,2	22	84,4	1,1	0,6	78	94	95	1	0,6	–	5,6
70	88,55	–	94,9	1,1	0,6	76	–	106	1	0,6	86	11
	88,55	–	94,9	1,1	0,6	76	–	106	1	0,6	86	11
	88,55	–	94,9	1,1	0,6	76	–	106	1	0,6	86	11
	88,55	–	94,9	1,1	0,6	76	–	106	1	0,6	86	11
	93,5	24	92,5	1,1	0,6	85	103,4	105	1	0,6	–	7,4
75	93,55	–	99,9	1,1	0,6	81	–	111	1	0,6	91	11,8
	93,55	–	99,9	1,1	0,6	81	–	111	1	0,6	91	11,8
	93,55	–	99,9	1,1	0,6	81	–	111	1	0,6	91	11,8
	93,55	–	99,9	1,1	0,6	81	–	111	1	0,6	91	11,8
	98,5	24	97,5	1,1	0,6	90	108,4	110	1	0,6	–	7,8
80	100,8	–	107,8	1,1	0,6	86	–	121	1	0,6	98	16
	100,8	–	107,8	1,1	0,6	86	–	121	1	0,6	98	16
	100,8	–	107,8	1,1	0,6	86	–	121	1	0,6	98	16
	100,8	–	107,8	1,1	0,6	86	–	121	1	0,6	98	16
	106,2	27	105	1,1	0,6	97	117,3	119	1	0,6	–	11

¹⁾ For calculating the initial grease fill → page 313.

4.1 Double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings

d 85 – 120 mm

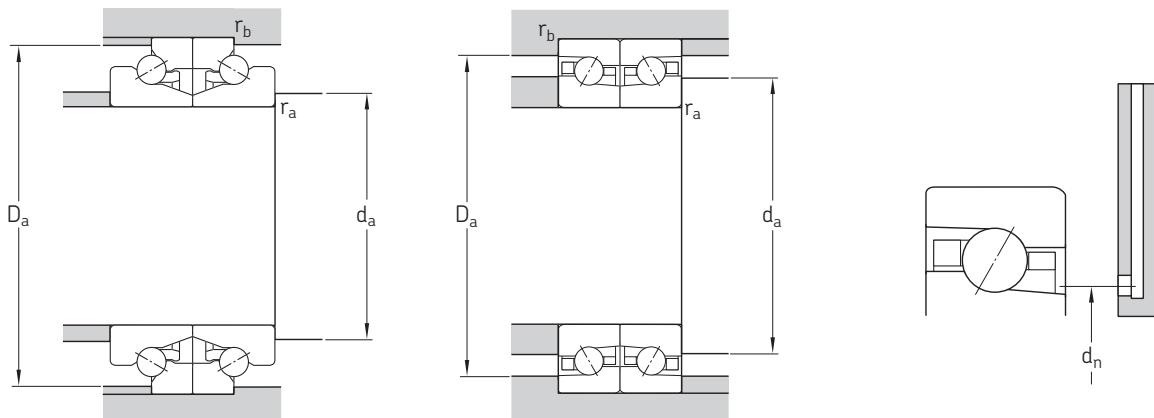


BTW

BTM

Principal dimensions			Basic load ratings		Fatigue load limit	Attainable speeds ¹⁾	Mass	Designation
d	D	H	dynamic C	static C ₀	P _u	Grease lubrication	Oil-air lubrication	
mm		kN		kN	r/min		kg	-
85	130	40,5	33,5	78	3,15	7 300	9 300	1,85
	130	40,5	33,5	78	3,15	9 100	10 900	1,7
	130	40,5	40	88	3,6	6 400	8 300	1,85
	130	40,5	40	88	3,6	8 000	9 500	1,7
	130	54	48,8	146	6,7	5 600	6 700	2,05
90	140	45	39	91,5	3,55	6 800	8 700	2,45
	140	45	39	91,5	3,55	8 500	10 100	2,3
	140	45	46,5	102	4	6 000	7 700	2,45
	140	45	46,5	102	4	7 400	8 800	2,3
	140	60	55,9	173	7,65	5 000	6 000	2,7
95	145	45	40	93	3,6	6 500	8 300	2,55
	145	45	40	93	3,6	8 200	9 800	2,4
	145	45	46,5	106	4,05	5 800	7 400	2,55
	145	45	46,5	106	4,05	7 200	8 600	2,4
	145	60	57,2	180	7,8	5 000	6 000	2,8
100	150	45	41,5	102	3,8	6 300	7 900	2,65
	150	45	41,5	102	3,8	7 900	9 400	2,5
	150	45	48	116	4,3	5 600	7 100	2,65
	150	45	48	116	4,3	6 900	8 200	2,5
	150	60	59,2	193	8,15	5 000	6 000	2,95
110	170	54	57	137	4,8	5 600	7 100	4,25
	170	54	57	137	4,8	7 000	8 300	3,95
	170	54	65,5	153	5,5	4 900	6 400	4,25
	170	54	65,5	153	5,5	6 100	7 300	3,95
	170	72	81,9	260	10,4	4 300	5 000	4,7
120	180	54	58,5	146	5	5 200	6 700	4,55
	180	54	58,5	146	5	6 500	7 700	4,2
	180	54	69,5	166	5,7	4 600	5 900	4,55
	180	54	69,5	166	5,7	5 700	6 800	4,2
	180	72	85,2	280	10,8	4 000	4 800	5,05
								BTW 120 CTN9/SP

¹⁾ Speed values for BTM series bearings are applicable to those with a light preload (suffix DBA). For bearings with a heavy preload (suffix DBB), attainable speeds are about 75% of the quoted values.



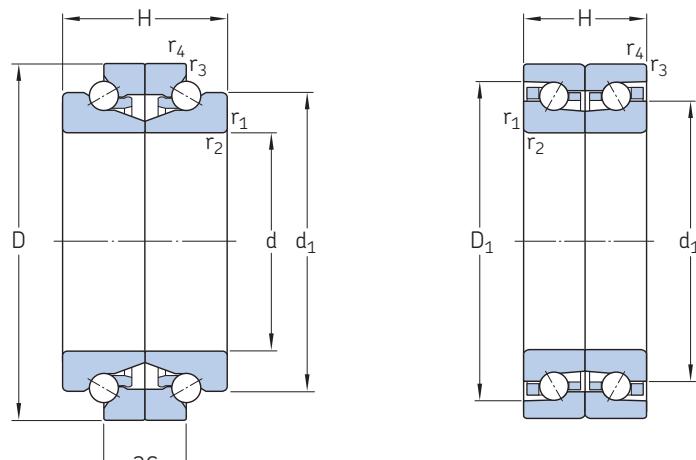
Dimensions				Abutment and fillet dimensions								Reference grease quantity ¹⁾
d	d ₁	2C	D ₁	r _{1,2} min.	r _{3,4} min.	d _a min.	D _a min.	D _a max.	r _a max.	r _b max.	d _n	G _{ref}
mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	cm ³
85	105,8	—	112,8	1,1	0,6	91	—	126	1	0,6	103	16,8
	105,8	—	112,8	1,1	0,6	91	—	126	1	0,6	103	16,8
	105,8	—	112,8	1,1	0,6	91	—	126	1	0,6	103	16,8
	105,8	—	112,8	1,1	0,6	91	—	126	1	0,6	103	16,8
	112	27	110	1,1	0,6	102	122,3	124	1	0,6	—	11
90	113	—	120,6	1,5	1	97	—	135	1,5	1	110	22
	113	—	120,6	1,5	1	97	—	135	1,5	1	110	22
	113	—	120,6	1,5	1	97	—	135	1,5	1	110	22
	113	—	120,6	1,5	1	97	—	135	1,5	1	110	22
	119	30	117,5	1,5	0,6	109	130,9	132	1,5	0,6	—	14
95	118	—	125,6	1,5	1	102	—	140	1,5	1	115	22
	118	—	125,6	1,5	1	102	—	140	1,5	1	115	22
	118	—	125,6	1,5	1	102	—	140	1,5	1	115	22
	118	—	125,6	1,5	1	102	—	140	1,5	1	115	22
	124	30	122,5	1,5	0,6	114	135,9	137	1,5	0,6	—	15
100	123	—	130,6	1,5	1	107	—	145	1,5	1	120	22
	123	—	130,6	1,5	1	107	—	145	1,5	1	120	22
	123	—	130,6	1,5	1	107	—	145	1,5	1	120	22
	123	—	130,6	1,5	1	107	—	145	1,5	1	120	22
	129	30	127,5	1,5	0,6	119	140,9	142	1,5	0,6	—	16
110	137,9	—	147,1	2	1	119	—	165	2	1	134	38
	137,9	—	147,1	2	1	119	—	165	2	1	134	38
	137,9	—	147,1	2	1	119	—	165	2	1	134	38
	137,9	—	147,1	2	1	119	—	165	2	1	134	38
	145	36	143,1	2	1	132	159,8	161	2	1	—	27
120	147,7	—	157,1	2	1	129	—	175	2	1	144	40
	147,7	—	157,1	2	1	129	—	175	2	1	144	40
	147,7	—	157,1	2	1	129	—	175	2	1	144	40
	147,7	—	157,1	2	1	129	—	175	2	1	144	40
	155	36	153,1	2	1	142	169,8	171	2	1	—	28

4.1

¹⁾ For calculating the initial grease fill → page 315.

4.1 Double direction angular contact thrust ball bearings

d 130 – 200 mm

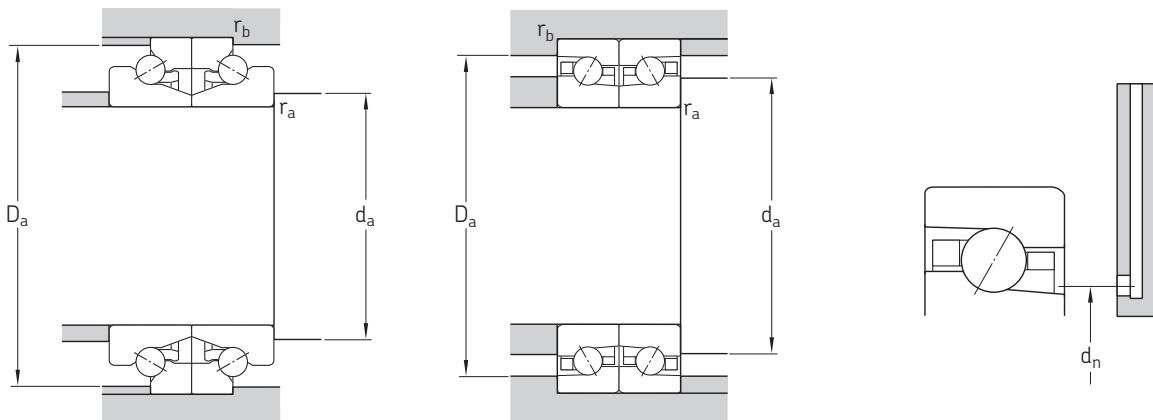


BTW

BTM

Principal dimensions	Basic load ratings			Fatigue load limit P_u	Attainable speeds ¹⁾		Mass kg	Designation	
	d	D	H		dynamic C	static C_0			
mm				kN	kN	r/min	-		
130	200	63	73,5	186	6,1	4 700	6 000	BTM 130 ATN9/P4CDB	
	200	63	73,5	186	6,1	5 900	7 000	BTM 130 ATN9/HCP4CDB	
	200	63	85	208	6,8	4 200	5 400	BTM 130 BTN9/P4CDB	
	200	63	85	208	6,8	5 100	6 100	BTM 130 BTN9/HCP4CDB	
	200	84	106	360	13,2	3 600	4 300	BTW 130 CTN9/SP	
140	210	63	73,5	190	6,1	4 400	5 700	BTM 140 AM/P4CDB	
	210	63	73,5	190	6,1	5 600	6 700	BTM 140 AM/HCP4CDB	
	210	63	86,5	216	6,95	3 900	5 100	BTM 140 BM/P4CDB	
	210	63	86,5	216	6,95	4 900	5 800	BTM 140 BM/HCP4CDB	
	210	84	106	375	13,2	3 200	3 800	BTW 140 CM/SP	
150	225	67,5	86,5	228	7,1	4 100	5 300	BTM 150 AM/P4CDB	
	225	67,5	86,5	228	7,1	5 200	6 200	BTM 150 AM/HCP4CDB	
	225	67,5	104	260	8	3 700	4 800	BTM 150 BM/P4CDB	
	225	67,5	104	260	8	4 500	5 300	BTM 150 BM/HCP4CDB	
	225	90	127	440	15,3	3 000	3 600	BTW 150 CM/SP	
160	240	72	98	260	7,8	3 900	5 000	BTM 160 AM/P4CDB	
	240	72	98	260	7,8	4 900	5 800	BTM 160 AM/HCP4CDB	
	240	72	114	290	8,8	3 400	4 500	BTM 160 BM/P4CDB	
	240	72	114	290	8,8	4 300	5 100	BTM 160 BM/HCP4CDB	
	240	96	140	510	16,6	2 800	3 400	BTW 160 CM/SP	
170	260	81	118	315	9,15	3 600	4 700	BTM 170 AM/P4CDB	
	260	81	118	315	9,15	4 500	5 300	BTM 170 AM/HCP4CDB	
	260	81	140	360	10,4	3 200	4 100	BTM 170 BM/P4CDB	
	260	81	140	360	10,4	3 900	4 600	BTM 170 BM/HCP4CDB	
	260	108	174	610	19,6	2 400	3 000	BTW 170 CM/SP	
180	280	90	140	365	10,4	3 400	4 400	BTM 180 AM/P4CDB	
	280	90	140	365	10,4	4 200	5 000	BTM 180 AM/HCP4CDB	
	280	90	163	425	11,8	3 000	3 800	BTM 180 BM/P4CDB	
	280	90	163	425	11,8	3 600	4 300	BTM 180 BM/HCP4CDB	
	280	120	199	710	22,4	2 000	2 600	BTW 180 CM/SP	
190	290	120	203	735	22,8	2 000	2 600	24	BTW 190 CM/SP
200	310	132	238	865	25,5	1 900	2 400	31	BTW 200 CM/SP

¹⁾ Speed values for BTM series bearings are applicable to those with a light preload (suffix DBA). For bearings with a heavy preload (suffix DBB), attainable speeds are about 75% of the quoted values.



4.1

Dimensions		Abutment and fillet dimensions									Reference grease quantity ¹⁾	
d	d ₁	2C	D ₁	r _{1,2} min.	r _{3,4} min.	d _a min.	D _a min.	D _a max.	r _a max.	r _b max.	d _n	G _{ref}
mm		mm									cm ³	
130	162,6	—	173,3	2	1	139	—	195	2	1	158	58
	162,6	—	173,3	2	1	139	—	195	2	1	158	58
	162,6	—	173,3	2	1	139	—	195	2	1	158	58
	162,6	—	173,3	2	1	139	—	195	2	1	158	58
	171	42	168,6	2	1	156	187,5	190	2	1	—	40
140	172,6	—	183,3	2,1	1	151	—	205	2	1	168	62
	172,6	—	183,3	2,1	1	151	—	205	2	1	168	62
	172,6	—	183,3	2,1	1	151	—	205	2	1	168	62
	172,6	—	183,3	2,1	1	151	—	205	2	1	168	62
	181	42	178,6	2,1	1	166	197,7	200	2	1	—	45
150	184,9	—	196,4	2,1	1,1	161	—	219	2	1	180	80
	184,9	—	196,4	2,1	1,1	161	—	219	2	1	180	80
	184,9	—	196,4	2,1	1,1	161	—	219	2	1	180	80
	184,9	—	196,4	2,1	1,1	161	—	219	2	1	180	80
	194	45	191,2	2,1	1	178	212,4	213	2	1	—	56
160	196,8	—	209,2	2,1	1,1	171	—	234	2	1	192	94
	196,8	—	209,2	2,1	1,1	171	—	234	2	1	192	94
	196,8	—	209,2	2,1	1,1	171	—	234	2	1	192	94
	196,8	—	209,2	2,1	1,1	171	—	234	2	1	192	94
	207	48	203,7	2,1	1	190	226	227	2	1	—	67
170	211,3	—	225,6	2,1	1,1	181	—	254	2	1	205	126
	211,3	—	225,6	2,1	1,1	181	—	254	2	1	205	126
	211,3	—	225,6	2,1	1,1	181	—	254	2	1	205	126
	211,3	—	225,6	2,1	1,1	181	—	254	2	1	205	126
	223	54	219,3	2,1	1	204	244,9	246	2	1	—	90
180	226,5	—	241,7	2,1	1,1	191	—	274	2	1	220	160
	226,5	—	241,7	2,1	1,1	191	—	274	2	1	220	160
	226,5	—	241,7	2,1	1,1	191	—	274	2	1	220	160
	226,5	—	241,7	2,1	1,1	191	—	274	2	1	220	160
	239	60	234,8	2,1	1	214	262,6	264	2	1	—	117
190	249	60	244,8	2,1	1	224	272,6	274	2	1	—	122
200	264	66	259,9	2,1	1	236	291	292	2	1	—	157

¹⁾ For calculating the initial grease fill → page 317.

Super-precision bearing

SKF